SAFETY DATA SHEET

Flubenol 5%

Section 1. Identification

Product identifier : Flubenol 5%

Product code : 124000000318

Other means of identification : [5-(4-Fluorobenzoyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl] carbamic acid methyl ester; 2-Benzimidazolecarbamic acid, 5-(p-fluorobenzoyl)-, methyl ester; AF0664; Carbamic acid, [5-(4-fluorobenzoyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl]-, methyl ester; flubendazole; Flubenol; Flubenol 5%; Flubenol 50mg/g Oral Premix; Flubenol Oral Wormer for Pigs and Chickens; Flubenol Powder 50 MG/G; Flubenol Premix 50 MG/G; Flubenol vet; Flubenvet Premix 50 MG/G

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Veterinary product.

Uses advised against : None known.

Company Name : Elanco Australasia Pty Ltd
106 Wiri Station Road,
Manukau, Auckland 2104, New Zealand

Telephone number : +64 0800 352 626

0800 446 121 (Adverse Events Local Number)

Emergency telephone number : CHEMTREC International: 00 1 703-527-3887 (24 hours)
CHEMTREC: +64 9-801 0034 (Local)
CHEMTREC: 0800 425 459 (Freephone)

Email : elanco_sds@elancoah.com

Section 2. Hazards identification

HSNO Approval Number : HSR001912

HSNO Group Standard : Not available.

HSNO Classification : SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2

This material is classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

This material is classified as DANGEROUS GOODS according to criteria in New Zealand Standard 5433:2020 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

GHS label elements

Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : P260 - Do not breathe dust or mist.

Response : P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Symbol :

Other hazards which do not result in classification : May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	Identifiers
Flubendazole	≤10	CAS: 31430-15-6 EC: 250-624-4
titanium dioxide	≤3	CAS: 13463-67-7 EC: 236-675-5
Dodecyl sodium sulphate	≤3	CAS: 151-21-3 EC: 205-788-1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact : Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Eye contact : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing

Ingestion : No specific data.

Skin : No specific data.

Section 4. First aid measures

Eyes : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable : Use dry chemical powder.

Not suitable : Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical : May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides
sulfur oxides
halogenated compounds
metal oxide/oxides

Hazchem code : 2Z

Special precautions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill : Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Protective measures

Protective measures : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not breathe dust. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
titanium dioxide	**HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 11/2023)** WES-TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m³. **EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)** TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m³. Form: total inhalable. TWA 8 hours: 4 mg/m³. Form: respirable. **Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/2024)** TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m³.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state : Solid. [Powder.]

Colour : White.

Odour : Not available.

Odour threshold : Not available.

pH : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point : 290°C (554°F)

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range : Not available.

Flash point : Not applicable.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Evaporation rate : Not available.

Flammability : Not available.

Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit : Not applicable.

Vapour pressure : 0.0000001 kPa (0.00000075 mm Hg)

Relative vapour density : Not applicable.

Relative density : Not available.

Solubility(ies) : Not available.

Solubility in water : <0.01 g/l

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : 2.91

Auto-ignition temperature : 530°C (986°F)

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.
Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.
Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): Not available.

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not available.

Aerodynamic particle size distribution :

Aerodynamic diameter	Percentage of particles
≤ 10 µm	0

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation.

Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:
oxidising materials

Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Eye contact : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing

Ingestion : No specific data.

Skin contact : No specific data.

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result
Flubendazole	**Rat - Oral - LD50** 2560 mg/kg **Rabbit - Dermal - LD50** >2000 mg/kg
titanium dioxide	**Rat - Oral - LD50** >10000 mg/kg **Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists** >6.82 mg/l [4 hours]
Dodecyl sodium sulphate	**Rat - Oral - LD50** 1288 mg/kg **Rabbit - Dermal - LD50** >2000 mg/kg **Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour** >3900 mg/m³ [1 hours]

Conclusion/Summary[Product] : Not available.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name	Result
titanium dioxide	**Human - Skin - Mild irritant** Duration of treatment/exposure: 72 hours Amount/concentration applied: 300 ug l
Dodecyl sodium sulphate	**Dog - Skin - Mild irritant** Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 25 mg **Guinea pig - Skin - Mild irritant** Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 25 mg **Human - Skin - Mild irritant** Duration of treatment/exposure: 2 hours Amount/concentration applied: 2 % **Human - Skin - Mild irritant** Duration of treatment/exposure: 504 hours Amount/concentration applied: 0.3 % **Human - Skin - Mild irritant** Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 0.06 % **Human - Skin - Mild irritant** Duration of treatment/exposure: 22 hours Amount/concentration applied: 10 % **Human - Skin - Mild irritant** Duration of treatment/exposure: 47 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 0.5 %
Human - Skin - Mild irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 18 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 2 %
Human - Skin - Mild irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 25 mg
Human - Skin - Mild irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 250 mg
Human - Skin - Moderate irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 48 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 3 %
Human - Skin - Moderate irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 0.1 %
Mouse - Skin - Moderate irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 25 mg
Pig - Skin - Mild irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 25 mg
Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 50 mg
Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 25 mg
Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 250 mg
Guinea pig - Skin - Mild irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 336 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 25250 ppm
Guinea pig - Skin - Mild irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 25250 ppm
Guinea pig - Skin - Severe irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 48 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 25250 ppm
Guinea pig - Skin - Severe irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 72 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 25250 ppm
Human - Skin - Mild irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 48 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 5 %
Human - Skin - Severe irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 10 %
Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 5 %
Rabbit - Skin - Severe irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 2.5 %

Conclusion/Summary[Product] : Not available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name	Result

Dodecyl sodium sulphate	**Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant** Amount/concentration applied: 250 ug **Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant** Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg **Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant** Amount/concentration applied: 10 mg **Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant** Duration of treatment/exposure: 1 hours Amount/concentration applied: 1 %

Conclusion/Summary[Product] : Not available.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary[Product] : Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

Skin

Conclusion/Summary[Product] : Not available.

Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary[Product] : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.

Inhalation : Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Chronic toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary[Product] : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary[Product] : Not available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary[Product] : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary[Product] : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Result
Flubendazole	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Flubenol 5% Powder	128812.9	30003.0	N/A	300.0	N/A
Flubendazole	2560	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Dodecyl sodium sulphate	1288	300	N/A	3	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity : This product shows a low bioaccumulation potential.

Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result
Flubendazole	**Acute - EC50 - Fresh water** US EPA, OECD Daphnia - Water flea - *Daphnia magna* 66.5 µg/l [48 hours] Effect: Intoxication **Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water** US EPA, OECD Daphnia - Water flea - *Daphnia magna* 2.5 µg/l [21 days] Effect: Growth
titanium dioxide	**Acute - LC50 - Marine water** Fish - Mummichog - *Fundulus heteroclitus* >1000 mg/l [96 hours] Effect: Mortality **Acute - LC50 - Fresh water** Crustaceans - Water flea - *Ceriodaphnia dubia* - Neonate Age: <24 hours 3 mg/l [48 hours] Effect: Mortality
Dodecyl sodium sulphate	**Acute - LC50 - Fresh water** Fish - Carp, hawk fish - *Cirrhinus mrigala* - Larvae Age: 2 days; Size: 4.5 mm; Weight: 51 mg 590 µg/l [96 hours]

Section 12. Ecological information

Effect: Mortality
Acute - LC50 - Marine water
Crustaceans - Brine shrimp - *Artemia salina* - Adult
Age: 25 days; Size: 3.5 to 4.5 mm
900 µg/l [48 hours]
Effect: Mortality
Acute - EC50 - Marine water
Algae - Diatom - *Skeletonema costatum*
1200 µg/l [96 hours]
Effect: Population
Chronic - NOEC - Marine water
Algae - Sea Lettuce - *Ulva fasciata* - Zoea
1.25 mg/l [96 hours]
Effect: Reproduction
Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water
OECD
Crustaceans - Water flea - *Pseudosida ramosa* - Neonate
Age: <24 hours
1 mg/l [21 days]
Effect: Reproduction
Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water
OECD
Fish - Eastern mosquitofish - *Gambusia holbrooki*
Weight: 0.14 g
0.8 mg/l [28 days]
Effect: Enzymes

Conclusion/Summary[Product] : Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary[Product] : Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	$LogP_{ow}$	BCF	Potential
Flubenol 5% Powder	2.91	-	Low
Flubendazole	2.91	-	Low
Dodecyl sodium sulphate	-2.03	-	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient : Not available.

Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

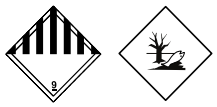
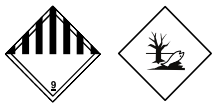
Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling

Section 13. Disposal considerations

emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	New Zealand - Land - road/ railway	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3077	UN3077	UN3077
UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Flubendazole)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Flubendazole)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Flubendazole)
Transport hazard class(es)	9 	9 	9 
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.

Additional information

New Zealand : **Hazchem code** 2Z
Remarks This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.

IMDG : This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.
Emergency schedules F-A, S-F

IATA : This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

HSNO Approval Number : HSR001912
HSNO Group Standard : Not available.
HSNO Classification : SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
Certified handler : Not Required.
Tracking : Not Required.
ACVM No. : A006818

Inventory list

New Zealand : All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/14/2025

Date of previous issue : 11/23/2023

Version : 0.03

Key to abbreviations : ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods
ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
SGG = Segregation Group
UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

As of the date of issuance, we are providing available information relevant to the handling of this material in the workplace. All information contained herein is offered with the good faith belief that it is accurate. THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET SHALL NOT BE DEEMED TO CREATE ANY WARRANTY OF ANY KIND (INCLUDING WARRANTY OF MERCHANT ABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE). In the event of an adverse incident associated with this material, this safety data sheet is not intended to be a substitute for consultation with appropriately trained personnel. Nor is this safety data sheet intended to be a substitute for product literature which may accompany the finished product.

For additional information contact:
Elanco Animal Health
0011+1-877-352-6261
0011+1-800-428-4441